State the quadrant in which $\theta$ lies.

1. $\tan \theta>0$ and $\csc \theta<0$
2. Find the value of $\tan \theta$ given $\csc \theta=4$ and $\cot \theta<0$.

Evaluate the following trigonometric functions:
3. $\tan \frac{\pi}{2}=$
4. $\cos \left(-600^{\circ}\right)=$
5. $\csc \frac{4 \pi}{3}=$
6. $\sec 180^{\circ}=$
7. $\tan \frac{-10 \pi}{3}=$

Find the reference angle for each. Sketch the angle and the reference angle.
8. $300^{\circ}$
9. $\frac{11 \pi}{5}=$
10. Simplify the following trig expression: (final answer should be in terms of $\tan \theta$ ) $\frac{(\sin \theta+\sec \theta)^{2}+\cos ^{2} \theta-2}{\tan \theta}$
11. Simplify the following trig expression:
$\tan x \sec x\left(1-\sin ^{2} x\right)$

Verify the following Trig Identities:
12. $\frac{1+\csc \theta}{\sec \theta}-\cot \theta=\cos \theta$
13. $(1+\cos \theta)(1-\cos \theta)\left(1+\cot ^{2} \theta\right)=1$

