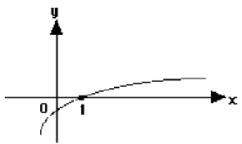
## Exam Review Day 1(Non-Calculator)



1.	The graph of a twice-differential	le function	f is	shown	in the	figure	above.
Wŀ	nich of the following is true?						

A) 
$$f(1) < f'(1) < f''(1)$$

B) 
$$f(1) \le f$$
 "  $(1) \le f$  "  $(1)$ 

C) 
$$f'(1) < f(1) < f''$$

D) 
$$f$$
 '' (1)  $\leq f$ (1)  $\leq f$  '(1)

A) 
$$f(1) < f'(1) < f''(1)$$
B)  $f(1) < f''(1) < f'(1)$ 
D)  $f'''(1) < f(1) < f''(1) < f'(1)$ 
E)  $f'''(1) < f'(1) < f(1)$ 

2. An equation of the line tangent to the graph of  $y = x + \cos x$  at the point (0,1) is

A) 
$$y = 2x + 1$$

B) 
$$y = x + 1$$

C) 
$$y = x$$

D) 
$$y = x - 1$$

E) 
$$y = 0$$

3. If  $f''(x) = x(x+1)(x-2)^2$ , then the graph of f has inflection points when x =

4. The minimum value of  $f(x) = x^2 + \frac{2}{x}$  on the interval  $\frac{1}{2} \le x \le 2$  is

A) 
$$\frac{1}{2}$$

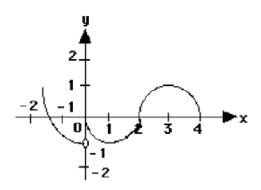
5. If the continuous and differentiable function  $f(x) = \begin{cases} ax^3 - 6x; & x \le 1 \\ bx^2 + 4; & x > 1 \end{cases}$  then a = a = a = a = a

$$^{\circ})_{-14}$$

6. A particle moves along a line according to the distance formula  $s(t) = 2t^2 - 6t + 17$ . The particle is at rest when t =

A) 1

C) 2



- 7. The graph of the function f shown in the figure above has a vertical tangent at the point (2,0) and horizontal tangents at the points (1,-1) and (3,1). For what values of  $x, -2 \le x \le 4$ , is f not differentiable?
- A) 0 only

B) 0 and 2 only

C) 1 and 3 only

- D) 0, 1, and 3 only
- E) 0, 1, 2, and 3
- 8.  $\lim_{x \to \infty} \frac{3x^2 4}{2 7x x^2} =$
- A) 3

B) 1

(C) -3

D) ∞

- E) 0
- 9. The total number of relative maximum and minimum points of the function whose derivative is  $f'(x) = x^2(x+1)^3(x-4)^3$  is B) 1
- A) 0

C) 2

D) 3

- 10. The slope of the curve  $y^2 xy 3x = 1$  at the point (0,1) is
- A) -1

B) -2

C) 1

D) 2

- E) -3
- 11. If  $f(x) = \cos x \sin 3x$ , then  $f'(\frac{\pi}{6})$  is equal to
- A)  $\frac{1}{2}$

C) 0

D) 1

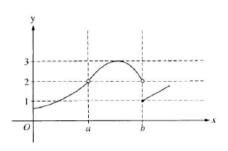
- 12. A particle moves in a straight line with velocity  $v(t) = t^2$ . How far does the particle move between times t = 1 and t = 2?
- A)  $\frac{1}{3}$

B)  $\frac{7}{3}$ 

C) 3

D) 7

E) 8

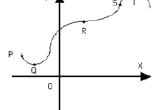


- The graph of the function f is shown in the figure above. Which of the following statements about
- f is true?
- A)  $\lim_{x \to a} f(x) = \lim_{x \to b} f(x)$

D)  $\lim_{x \to b} f(x) = 1$ 

- B)  $\lim_{x\to a} f(x) = 2$ E)  $\lim_{x\to a} f(x)$  does not exist.
- 14. At which point on the following graph do both  $\frac{dy}{dx}$  and  $\frac{d^2y}{dx^2}$  equal zero?
- A) P D) S

B) Q E) T



- 15. What is the x-coordinate of the point of inflection on the graph of  $y = \frac{1}{3}x^3 + 5x^2 + 24$ ?
- A) 5

B) 0

C)  $-\frac{10}{3}$ 

D) -5

- E) -10
- 16.  $\int_{0}^{1} (3x-2)^2 dx =$
- A) -7/3

B) -7/9

C) 1/9

D) 1

- E) 3
- 17. The radius r of a sphere is increasing at the uniform rate of 0.3 inches per second. At the instant when the surface area S becomes  $100\pi$  square inches, what is the rate of increase, in cubic inches per second, in the volume V?
- A) 10π

B)  $12\pi$ 

C) 22.5π

D) 25π

- E)  $30\pi$
- 18. The x-coordinate of the absolute max. of  $f(x) = 3x^3 \frac{9}{2}x^2$  on [-2,2] is:
- A) 0

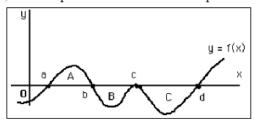
C) 1

D) -2

 $E)\frac{1}{2}$ 

- 19. If, for all x,  $f'(x) = (x-2)^4(x-1)^3$ , it follows that the function f has
  - A) a relative minimum at x = 1
  - B) a relative maximum at x = 1
  - C) both a relative minimum at x = 1 and a relative maximum at x = 2
  - D) neither a relative maximum nor a relative minimum
  - E) relative minima at x = 1 and x = 2
- 20. The following graph represents y = f(x). If A, B, and C represent the areas of the respective

enclosed regions, then  $\int_{d}^{d} (-f(x)) dx =$ 



A) A - B - C

B) B + C - A

C) A - (B - C)

D) A + B + C

- E) B-C-A
- $21. \frac{d}{dx} \left( \int_{0}^{x^2} \sin(t^3) dt \right) =$
- A)  $-\cos(x^6)$

B)  $\sin(x^3)$ 

C)  $\sin(x^6)$ 

D)  $2x\sin(x^3)$ 

- E)  $2x\sin(x^6)$
- 22. The function f is given by  $f(x) = x^4 + x^2 2$ . On which of the following intervals is f increasing?
- A)  $\left(-\frac{1}{2},\infty\right)$

B)  $\left(-\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}, \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}\right)$ 

C) (0,∞)

D) (-∞,0)

- E)  $\left(-\infty, -\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}\right)$
- 23. The graph of y = h(x) is shown below. Which of the following could be the graph of y = h'(x)?







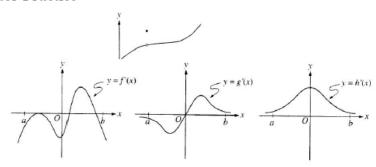
(c)







## Calculator Practice

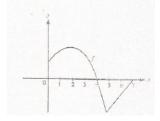


- The graphs of the derivatives of the functions f, g, and h are shown above. Which of the functions f, g, or h have Ta relative maximum on the open interval a < x < b?
- (A) f only

- (B) g only (C) h only (D) f and g only (E) f,g, and h
- A particle moves along the x-axis so that at any time t≥ 0, its velocity is given by  $v(t) = 3 + 4.1\cos(0.9t)$ . What is the acceleration of the particle at time t = 4?
- (A) -2.016
- (B) -0.677
- (C) 1.633
- (D) 1.814
- (E) 2.978
- 3. The first derivative of the function f is given by  $f'(x) = \frac{\cos^2 x}{x} \frac{1}{5}$ . How many critical values does f have on the open interval (0,10)?
- (A) One
- (B) Three
- (C) Four
- (D) Five
- (E) Seven
- 4. Let f be the function given by f(x) = |x|. Which of the following statements about f are true?
  - I. f is continuous at x = 0.
  - II. f is differentiable at x = 0.
  - f has an absolute minimum at x = 0. III.
- (A) I only
- (B) II only (C) III only (D) I and III only
- (E) II and III only

- 5. If  $a \neq 0$ , then  $\lim_{x \to a} \frac{x^2 a^2}{x^4 a^4}$  is
- (A)  $\frac{1}{a^2}$  (B)  $\frac{1}{2a^2}$  (C)  $\frac{1}{6a^2}$  (D) 0
- (E) nonexistent
- 6. The function f whose graph is shown has f' = 0 at x =
- (A) 2 only

- (B) 2 and 5 only
- (C) 4 and 7 only
- (D) 2, 4, and 7



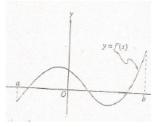
7.	A differentiable function	f has values show. Estimate $f'$	1.5)

х	1.0	1.2	1.4	1.6
f(x)	8	10	14	22

- (A) 8
- (B) 12
- (C) 18
- (D) 40
- (E) 80

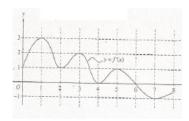
8. The graph of f', is shown in the figure. Which of the following describes all relative extrema of f on the open interval (a,b)

- (A) One relative maximum and two relative minima
- (B) Two relative maxima and one relative minimum
- (C) Three relative maxima and one relative minimum
- (D) One relative maximum and three relative minima
- (E) Three relative maxima and two relative minima



For Question #9-10.

The function f is defined on the closed interval [0,8]. The graph of the derivative f' is shown below.



9. How many points of inflection does the graph of f have?

- (A) Two
- (B) Three
- (C) Four
- (D) Five
- (E) Six

10. At what value of x does the absolute minimum of f occur?

- (A) 0
- (B) 2
- (C) 4
- (D) 6
- (E) 8

11. The graph of the function  $y = x^3 + 6x^2 + 7x - 2\cos x$  changes concavity at  $x = x^3 + 6x^2 + 7x - 2\cos x$ 

- (A) -1.58
- (B) -1.63
- (C) -1.67
- (D) -1.89
- (E) -2.33

12. Which of the following is an equation of the line tangent to the graph of  $f(x) = x^4 + 2x^2$  at the point where f'(x) = 1?



(B) 
$$y = x + 7$$

(C) 
$$y = x + 0.763$$
 (D)  $y = x - 0.122$  (E)  $y = x - 2.146$ 

(D) 
$$v = x - 0.122$$

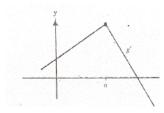
(E) 
$$v = x - 2.146$$

13. The graph of g' is shown here. Which of the following statements are true of g at x = a

## I. g is continuous

II. g is differentiable

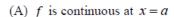
III. g is increasing



- (A) I only
- (B) III only
- (C) I and II only
- (D) II and III only

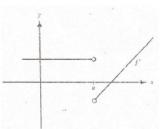
(E) I, II, and III

14. A function f has the derivative shown. Which of the following statements must be false?





- (C) f has a vertical asymptote at x = a
- (D) f has a jump discontinuity at x = a
- (E) f has a removable discontinuity at x = a



- 15. If g is a differentiable function such that g(x) < 0 for all real numbers x and if  $f'(x) = (x^2 4)g(x)$ , which of the following is true?
  - f has a relative maximum at x = -2 and a relative minimum at x = 2(A)
  - f has a relative maximum at x = 2 and a relative minimum at x = -2(B)
  - f has relative minima at x = -2 and at x = 2. (C)
  - (D) f has relative maxima at x = -2 and at x = 2.
  - It cannot be determined if f has any relative extrema. (E)
- 16. Let f be a function that is differentiable on the open interval (1,10). If f(2) = -5, f(5) = 5, and f(9) = -5, which of the following must be true?
  - f has at least 2 zeros.
  - The graph of f has at least one horizontal tangent.
  - For some c, 2 < c < 5, f(c) = 3.
- (A) None
- (B) I only
- (C) I and II only
- (D) I and III only
- (E) I, II, and III
- 17. If a particle moves on a line according to a law  $s = t^5 + 2t^3$  then the number of times it reverses direction is:
- (A) 4
- (B) 3
- (C) 2
- (D) 1
- (E) 0