$\qquad$ Date: $\qquad$ Pd: $\qquad$

1. Find the explicit formula $a_{n}$ given $a_{1}=-15$ and $d=7$.
2. Find the $n$th term formula for $-5,6,17, \ldots$.
3. Write the explicit and recursive formulas for $\frac{1}{2},-\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{8},-\frac{1}{16} \ldots$
4. Given the two terms in the arithmetic sequence, find the explicit formula.
$a_{12}=48$ and $a_{41}=193$
5. Find $a_{120}$ for $-11,-22,-33, \ldots$.
6. Write the following in Sigma Notation: $-5+13+31+49 \ldots$
7. Write the following in Sigma Notation: $\frac{3}{5}+\frac{5}{9}+\frac{7}{13}+\frac{9}{17} \ldots$.
8. Evaluate $\sum_{k=1}^{4} 2^{k+1}-4 k$
9. Find $S_{82}$ for $-9+2+13+24+\ldots$.
10. Evaluate $\sum_{k=1}^{46}-3 k+8$
11. Find $n$ if $S_{n}=300$ for the arithmetic sequence $3,9,15,21, \ldots$
12. Find $S_{6}$ for the following geometric sequence $a_{n}=\frac{1}{8}(-2)^{n-1}$. (Use the formula)
13. Find the infinite sum for $4+2+1+\frac{1}{2}+\frac{1}{4}+\ldots$.
14. Expand and simplify the following expression: $(3 x-2 y)^{4}$.
15. Expand and simplify the following expression: $(2-3 i)^{6}$.
16. Find the 8th term of $(2 x+y)^{11}$.
17. Determine the coefficient of the 6th term of $(2 x-3 y)^{12}$. (you are expecting a big number)
