Pd:____

- 2. Find the *nth* term formula for -5,6,17,...
- 3. Write the explicit and recursive formulas for $\frac{1}{2}$, $-\frac{1}{4}$, $\frac{1}{8}$, $-\frac{1}{16}$
- 4. Given the two terms in the arithmetic sequence, find the explicit formula.

$$a_{12} = 48$$
 and $a_{41} = 193$

- 5. Find a_{120} for $-11, -22, -33, \dots$
- 6. Write the following in Sigma Notation: -5+13+31+49...
- 7. Write the following in Sigma Notation: $\frac{3}{5} + \frac{5}{9} + \frac{7}{13} + \frac{9}{17}$
- 8. Evaluate $\sum_{k=1}^{4} 2^{k+1} 4k$
- 9. Find S_{82} for -9+2+13+24+...
- 10. Evaluate $\sum_{k=1}^{46} -3k + 8$
- 11. Find *n* if $S_n = 300$ for the arithmetic sequence 3, 9, 15, 21, ...
- 12. Find S_6 for the following geometric sequence $a_n = \frac{1}{8}(-2)^{n-1}$. (Use the formula)
- 13. Find the infinite sum for $4+2+1+\frac{1}{2}+\frac{1}{4}+...$
- 14. Expand and simplify the following expression: $(3x-2y)^4$.
- 15. Expand and simplify the following expression: $(2-3i)^6$.
- 16. Find the 8th term of $(2x + y)^{11}$.
- 17. Determine the coefficient of the 6th term of $(2x-3y)^{12}$. (you are expecting a big number)