## AP Pre-Cal AP Exam possible concepts (Will be added to over time)

## Must knows:

1. Exponential rules (solve  $8^x = \frac{1}{4}$ )

2. Relationship between e and  $\ln$ 

3. Logs and their properties

4. Sinusoidal (graphs of sine, cosine, cosecant, and secant – Period, amplitude, shifting), writing equation given a graph

5. Tangent and cotangent graphs (periods, vertical asymptotes)

6. Solving trig functions (isolate the trig function 1<sup>st</sup>, then think backwards on the unit circle, factoring.

7. Trig identities (Pythagorean, reciprocal, co-function, double angle, etc., etc.)

8. Relative extrema, concavity (from a graph or a table), point of inflection

9. Rational functions, asymptotes (vertical, horizontal, slant), Removable discontinuity (holes), end behavior (limit notation)

10. Exponential Functions (growth/decay)  $Final = Initial(1 \pm r)^{t}$ , finding equation of

- 11. Conversion between polar to rectangular and rectangular to polar
- 12. Graphing polar using a table of values, recognizing polar graphs from the different forms

(a<b - Limacon w/ inner loop, a=b - Cardioid, a>b Dimpled and Convex limacon, circles, and roses)

13. Differentiating between linear, quadratic, or exponential given table of values

- 14. Composite functions  $(f \circ g) = f(g(x))$ , or  $(g \circ f) = g(f(x))$
- 15. Properties of odd and even functions
- 16. The inverse of a function  $f^{-1}(x)$  and properties of
- 17. Binomial Expansion  $(x+y)^m$
- 18. Translations, dilation g(x) = a f(x-h) + k
- 19. Variation (directly and inversely)
- 20. Residual plots (what does a bigger residual imply?)
- 21. Regression plots (what does a higher correlation coefficient (r-value) imply?
- 22. Systems (point of intersection between f(x) and g(x) by setting the functions equal to one another)
- 23.  $S = r\theta$  (relates the arc length to the radius and the central angle)

